

An anatomical illustration of the human liver and digestive system. The liver is highlighted in a bright orange-red color, while the rest of the digestive tract, including the stomach and intestines, is shown in a translucent blue. The background is black, making the organs stand out.

Because the liver is the chief organ responsible for metabolizing alcohol, it is especially vulnerable to alcohol-related injury. Even as few as three drinks at one time may have toxic effects on the liver when combined with certain over-the-counter medications, such as those containing acetaminophen.

Facts on Tap

about Alcohol